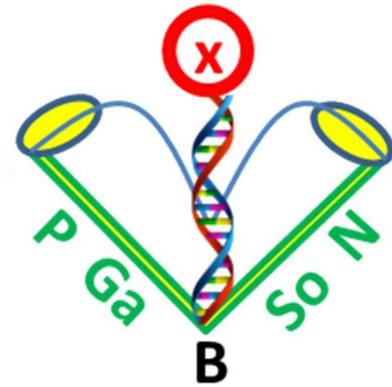




## Orientation Talk on

# “Scopes of Plant Breeding & Biotechnology in Agriculture”



## Resource Persons:

*Dr. Bal Krishna Joshi, NARC/ PGaBSon*

*Dr. Pallavi K Singh, NARC/HICAST*

*Date and Time: Poush 26 , Time 1:00 pm -3:00*

*Target: Undergrad students, 7<sup>th</sup> Sems Ag.*

Jointly Organized by

*Plant Genetics and Breeding Society of Nepal (PGaBSon)*

*and*

*Directorate of Research and Training (DORT)*

*Himalayan College of Agricultural Sciences and Technology (HICAST)*



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Orientation Talk, 26 Paush 2074, HICAST

# Scopes of Plant Breeding and Biotechnology in Agriculture

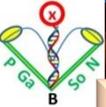


**Dr Bal Krishna Joshi**  
[joshibalak@yahoo.com](mailto:joshibalak@yahoo.com)

**Dr Pallavi K. Singh**  
[pallaviid.singh@gmail.com](mailto:pallaviid.singh@gmail.com)



**Dr Bidur P. Chaulagain**  
[bpchaula@gmail.com](mailto:bpchaula@gmail.com)



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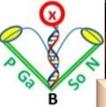
# What ever you want? See the Market



So many options  
So many diversity

जे खोजे पनि, जस्तो  
खोजे पनि, जति खोजेनि

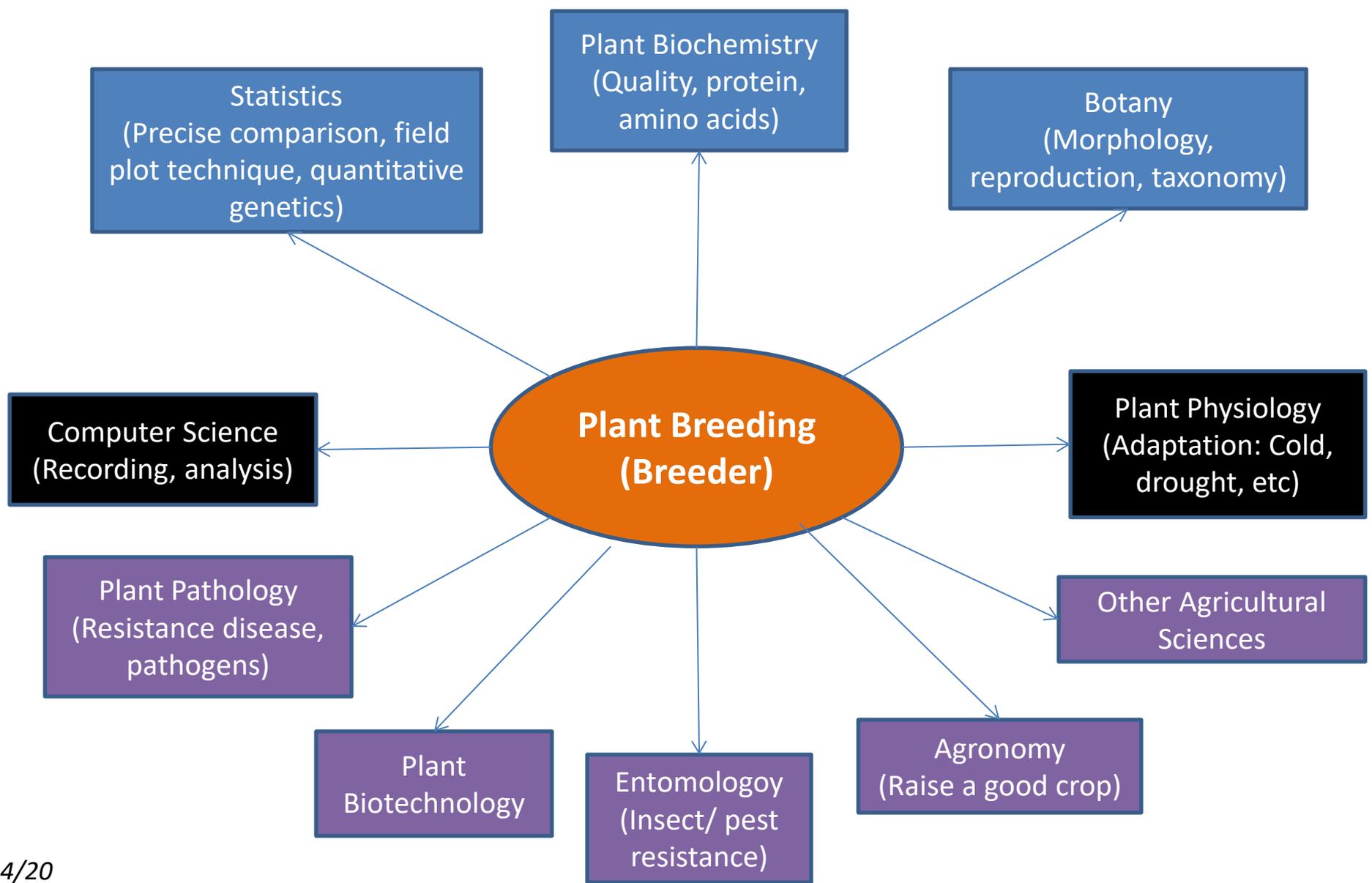


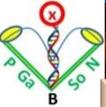


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# Plant Breeder as a Leader in Agriculture

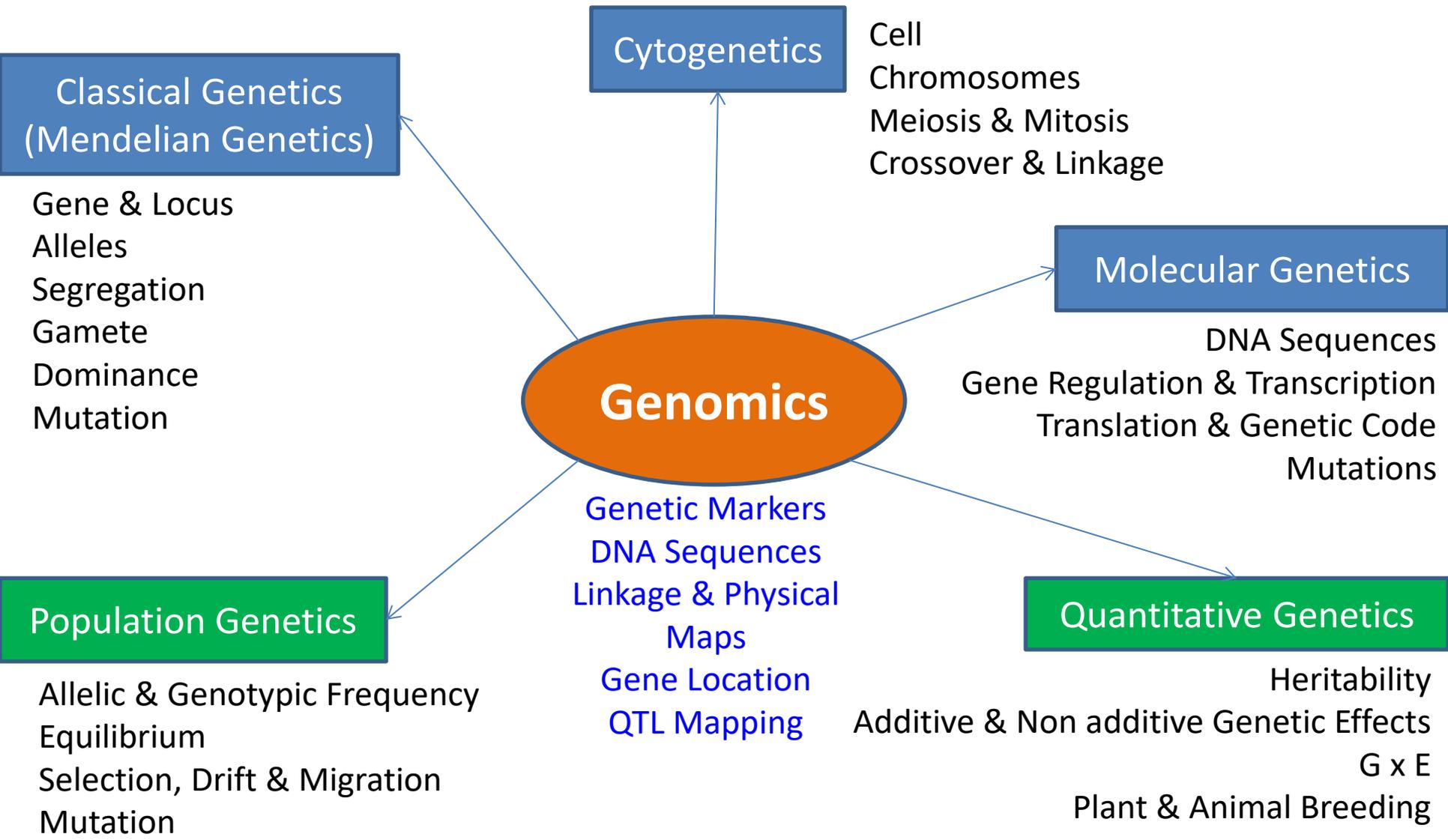


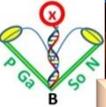


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# Areas of Knowledge used in Breeding and Biotech

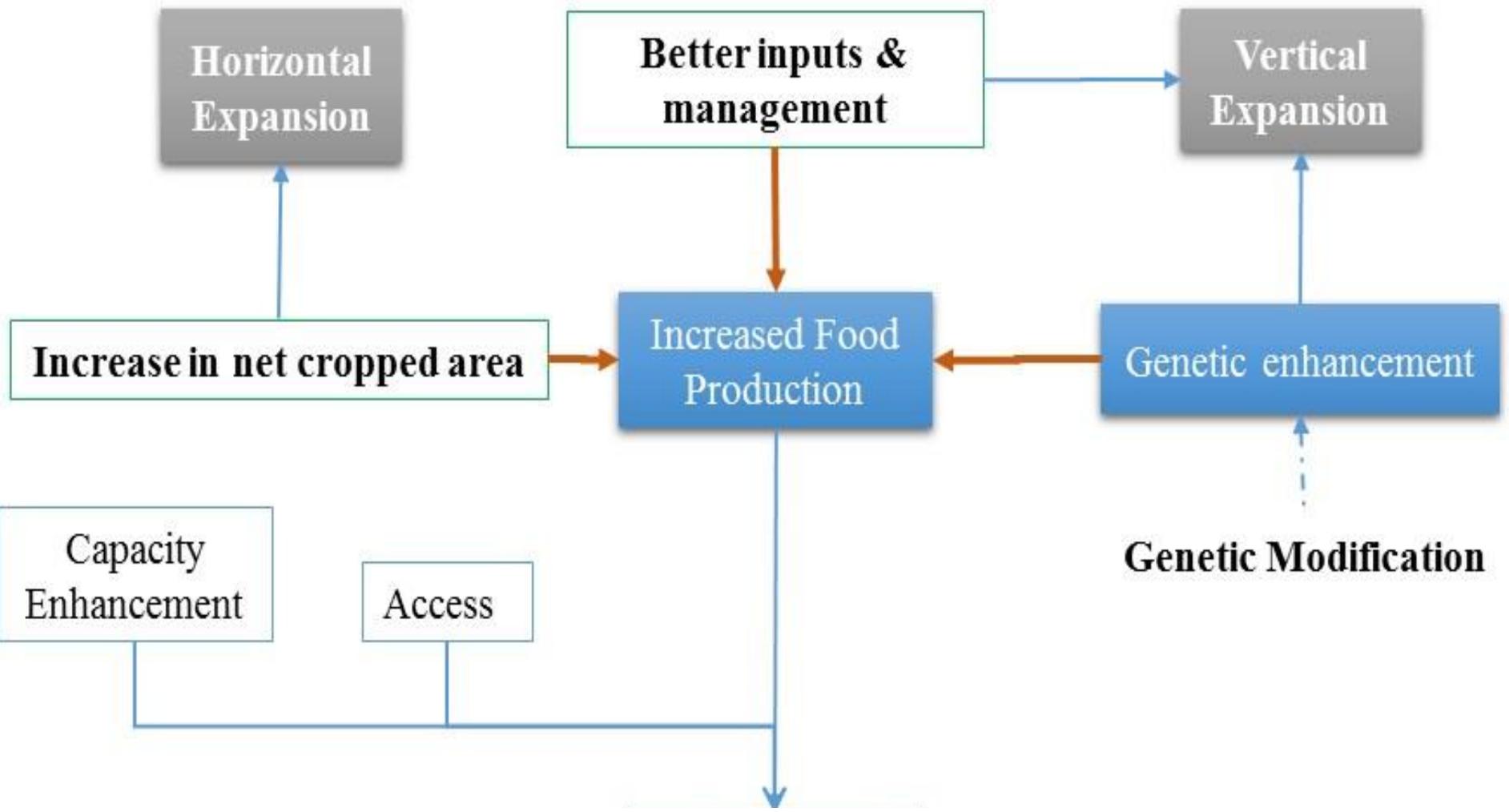




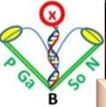
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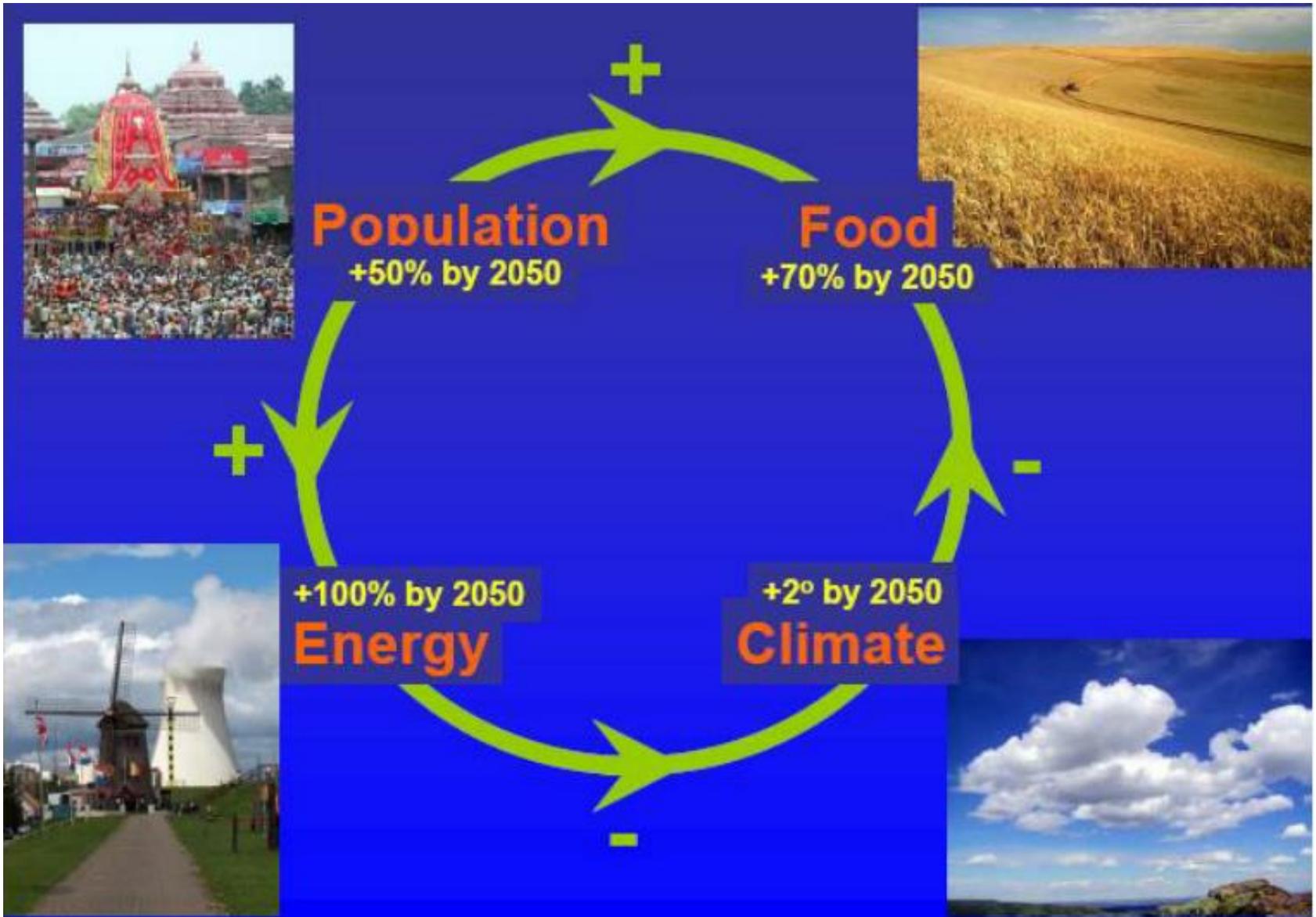
# Major Scope

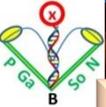


**Food and Nutrition Security**



# Challenges to Breeders = Opportunity





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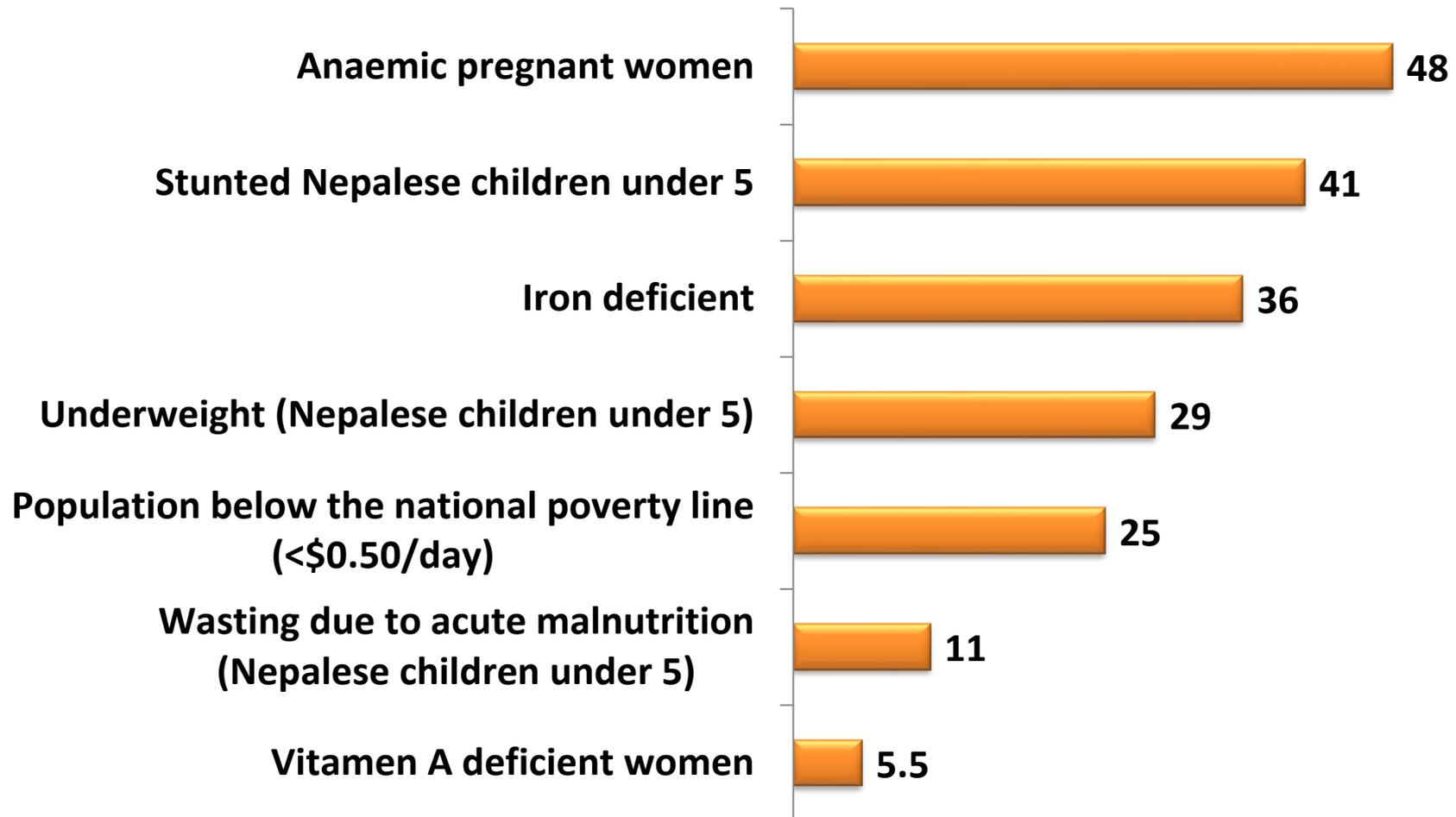


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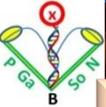


# Situation and Gap Analysis

## Hunger and Malnutrition: % people affected in Nepal



Population: 28.5 million



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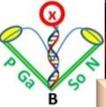
PGaBSoN



# Why Plant Breeding and Biotech

- Art + Science + Business
- New genotypes (guarantee)
- Very easy to complex and advanced
- Advancing science
- Easy to get enrolled in higher level study (within or abroad)
- Job?
- Recognition, award and respectful
- Patent and ownership
- Training opportunity
- Huge information (online database)
- Registration by Government of Nepal
- Any dispute?

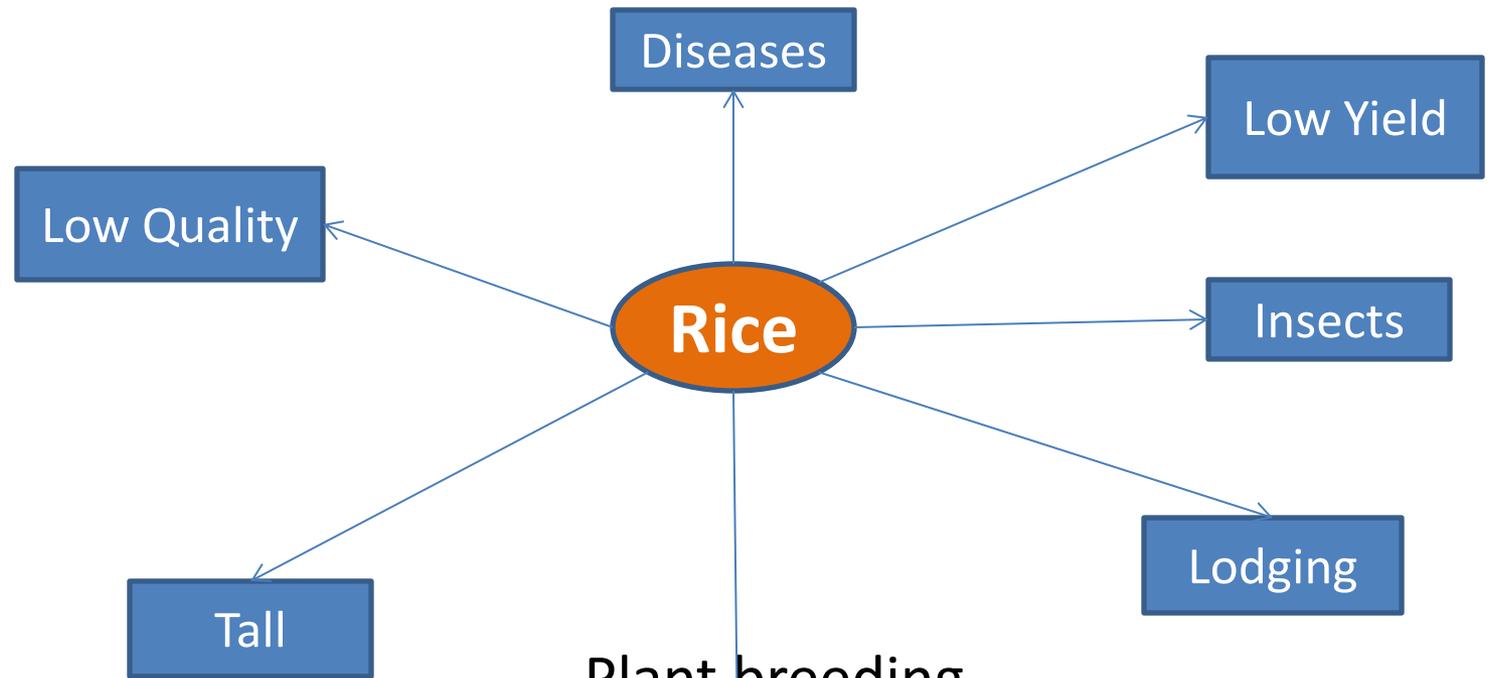




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# Can Design Genotypes?



Plant breeding

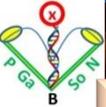
Plant breeder

**→ Crop engineer**

Improvement

New plant,  
desired variety

**Application of other  
agricultural sciences**



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# Can deal any Agricultural Problems

- Climate changes (drought, hot, cold stresses)
- Diseases and insect pests
- Low to high fertility land
- Submergence areas
- Malnutrition
- Virgin land
- Poor test and quality
- Storage problem
- etc

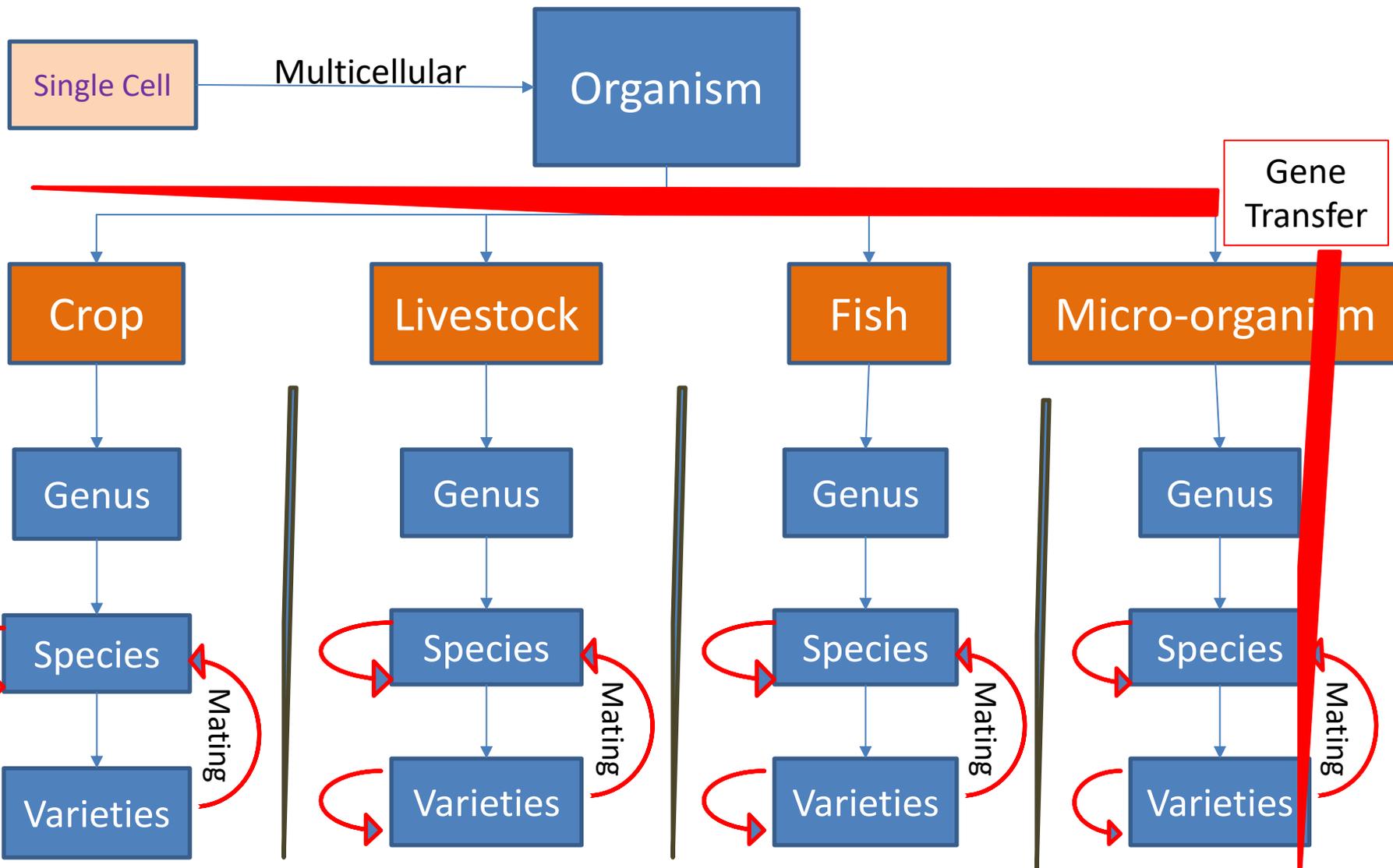


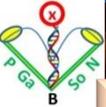


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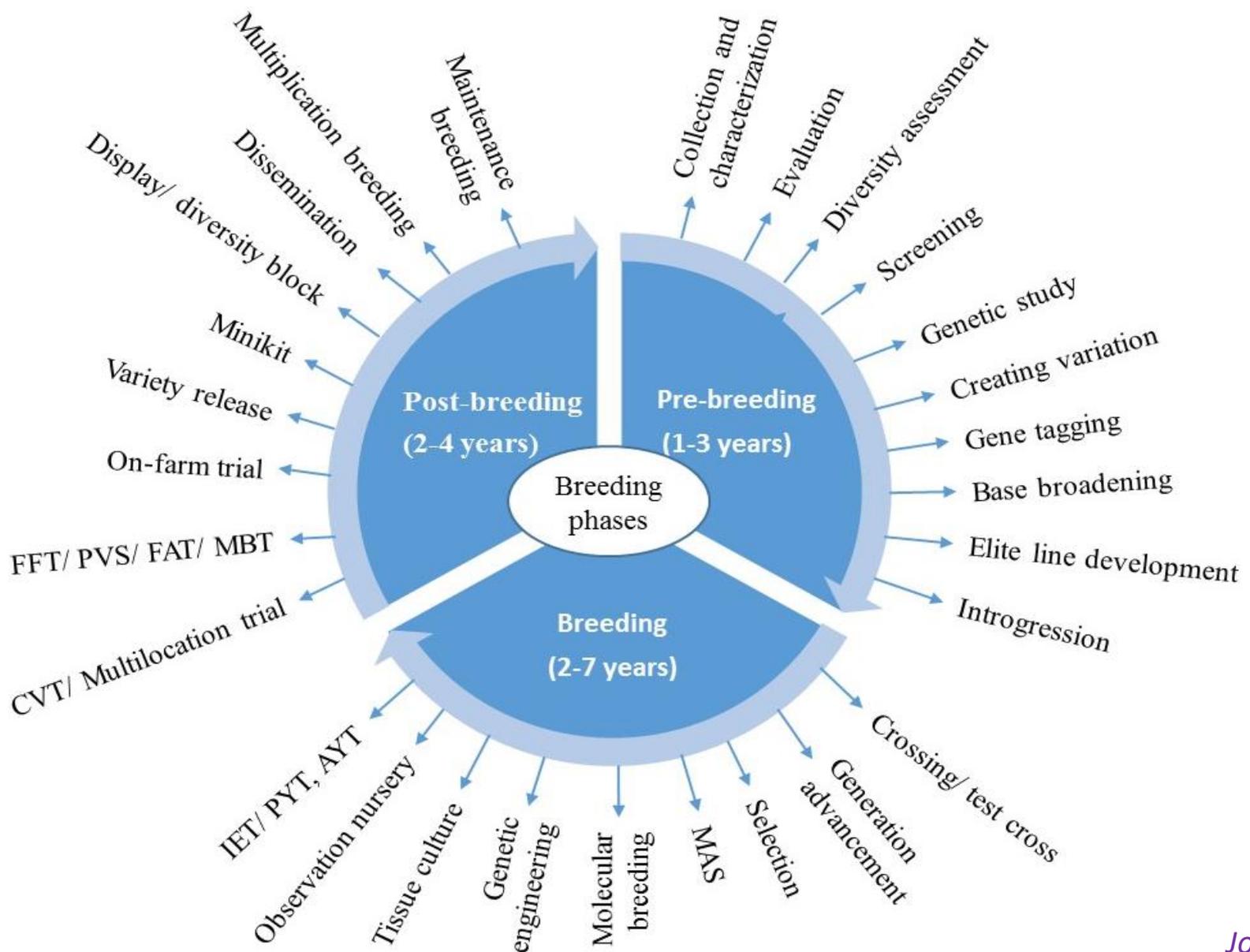
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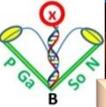
# You can excel the Natural Evolution





# Plant Breeding Phases and Activities in each Phase





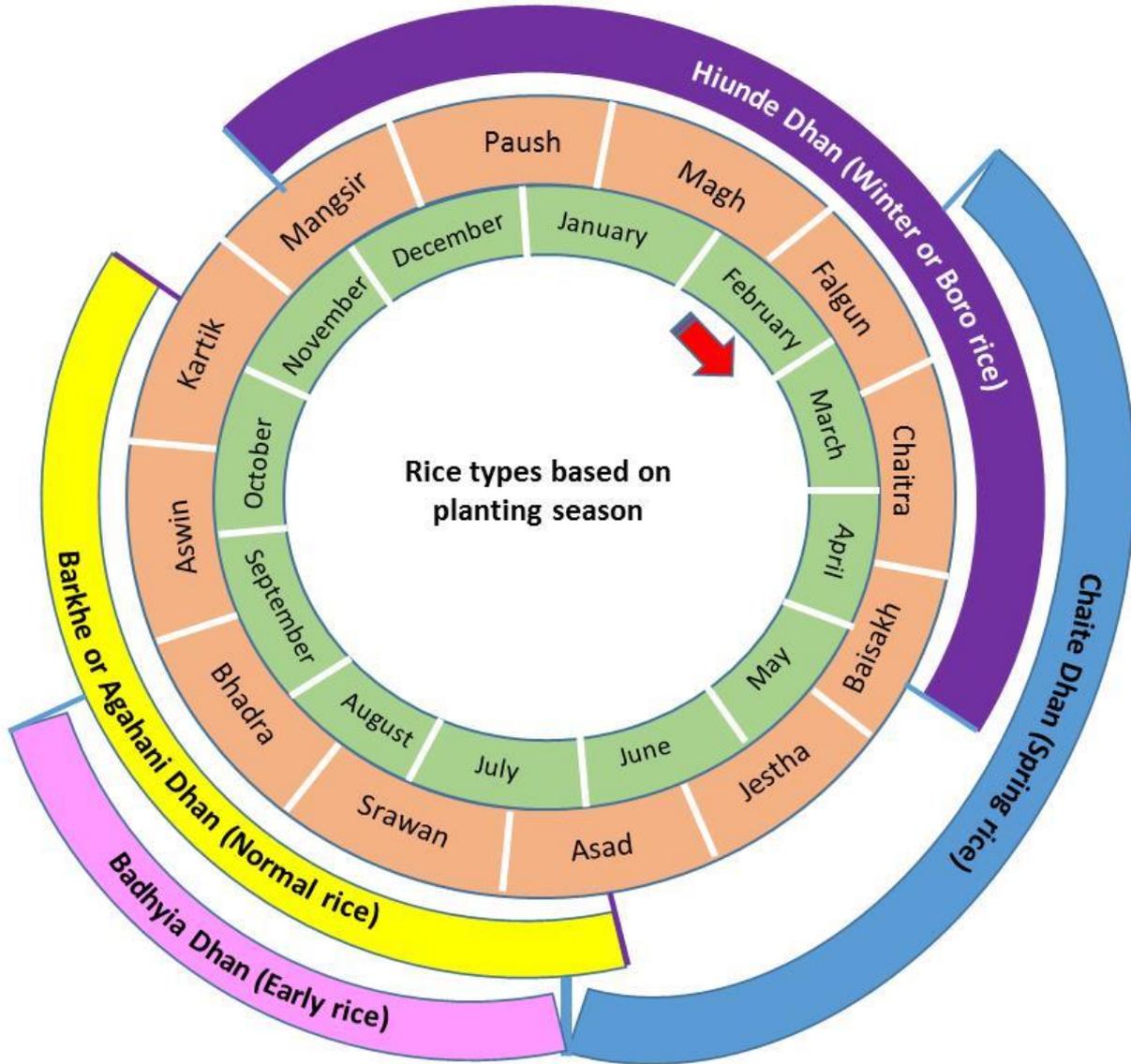
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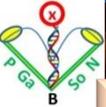


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# So many areas simply in a Rice





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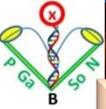


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## Branches of Plant Breeding: So many areas within a subject

- Evolutionary breeding
- Analytical breeding
- Molecular breeding
- Crop breeding
- Crop improvement
- Heterosis breeding
- Resistance breeding
- Mutation breeding
- Polyploidy breeding
- Inbreeding
- Shuttle breeding
- Participator plant breeding (PPB)
- Landrace enhancement and conservation (LEC)
- Combination breeding
- Conventional breeding
- Classical breeding
- Backcross breeding
- Introgressive breeding
- Population breeding
- Transgressive breeding
- Quality breeding
- Stress resistance breeding
- Multiline breeding
- Maintenance breeding
- Space breeding
- Genetic engineering

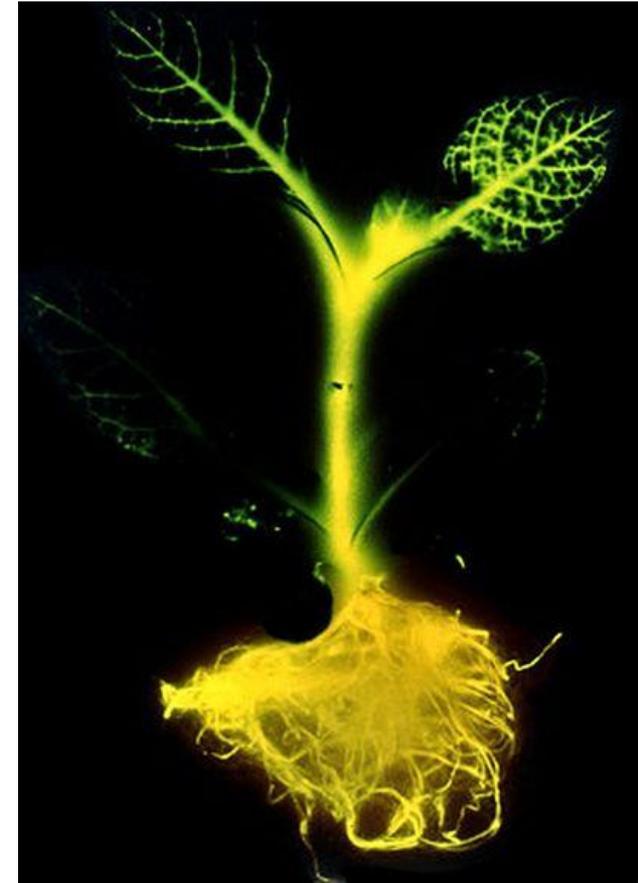


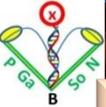
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# Principles in Practises

- Plant improvement: Principles, methods and structure
  - Plant: Structure, Methods
  - Field visit + work
  - Lab visit + work
  - Computer assisted learning
  - Glasshouse
  - Data recording and analysis
  
- To be a plant breeder
  - Introductory: General BSc
  - Decisive role: Elective course
  - Specialization: MSc, PhD



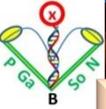


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# Students' Perception

- Relatively difficult subject
- Low marks
- More statistical
- Multidisciplinary knowledge
- Many tools, techniques, sophisticated lab, field work
- Long time to get results
- No private breeding institutes
- Limited number of NGOs and INGOs in breeding and biotech
- Forum?



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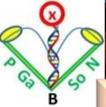


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# Students in Genetic Manipulation





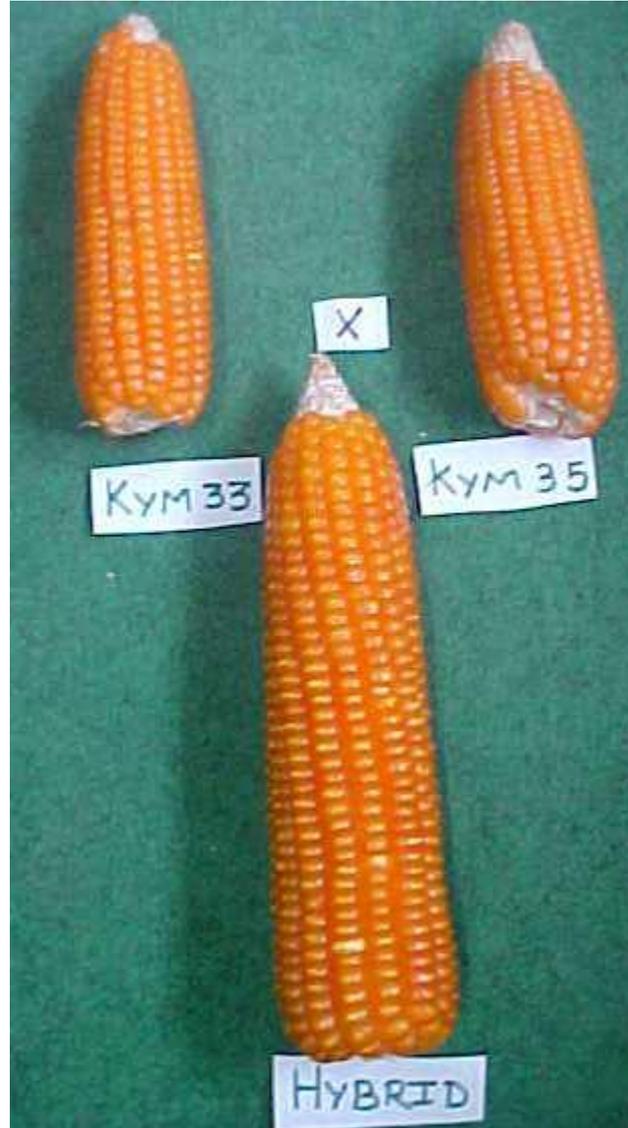
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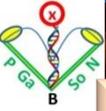


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# Students: F1 Hybrid, Breeding in pot?

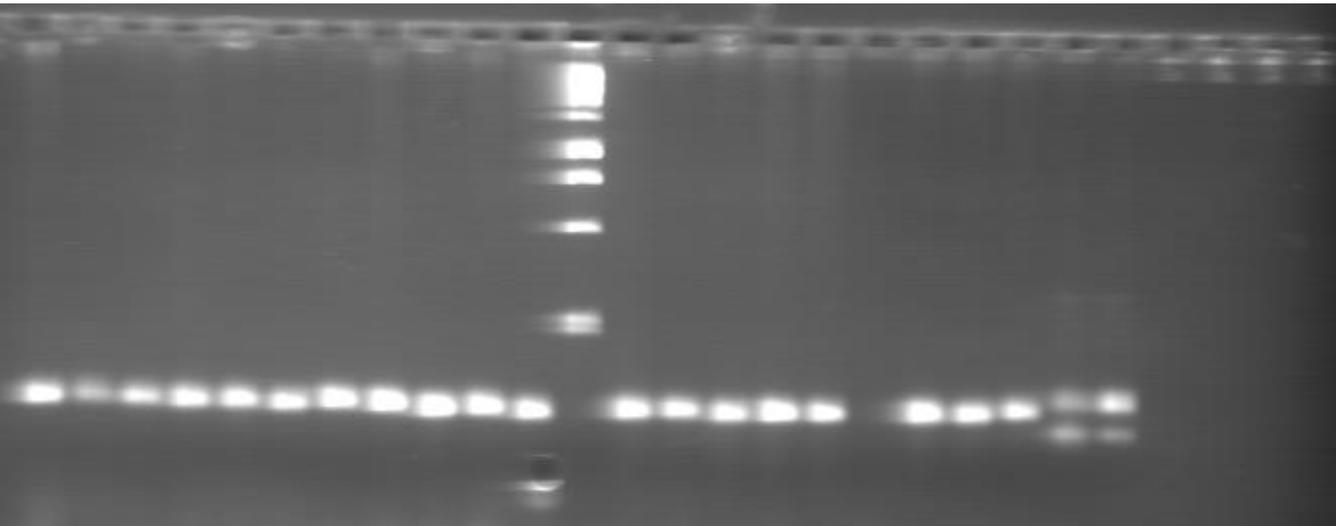


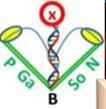


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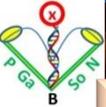
# Students with High Tech Biotech





# What History we have in Plant Breeding

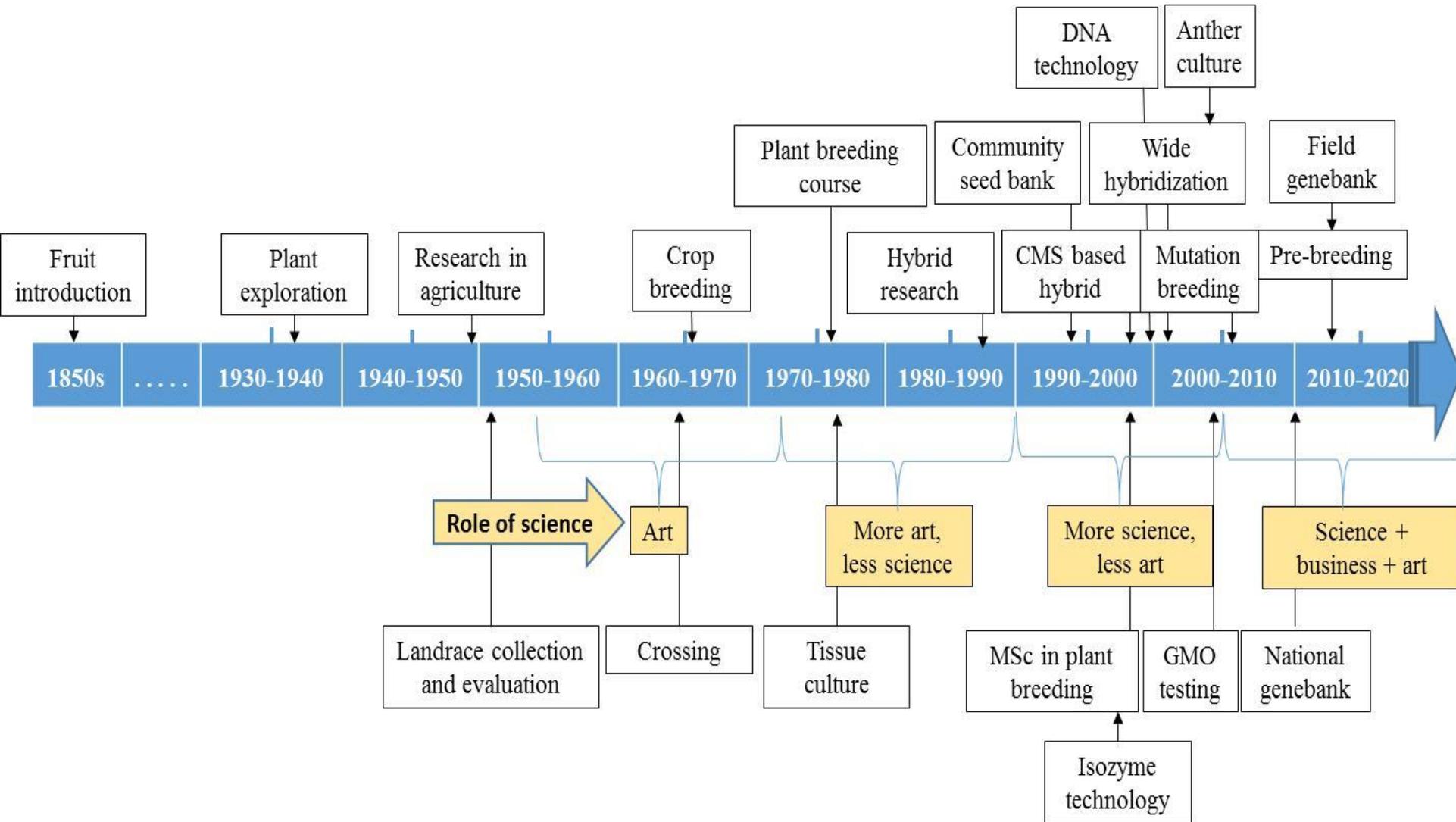
- Main breeding methods: Introduction, pedigree, composite
- 35 different landraces (0.1%) of 17 crops used to develop 39 varieties
- Crop species in breeding: 13% (484 species)
- Dependency: 95-100% on foreign APGRs
- Breeders: About 50

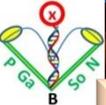


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# Major Historical Events of Plant Breeding in Nepal

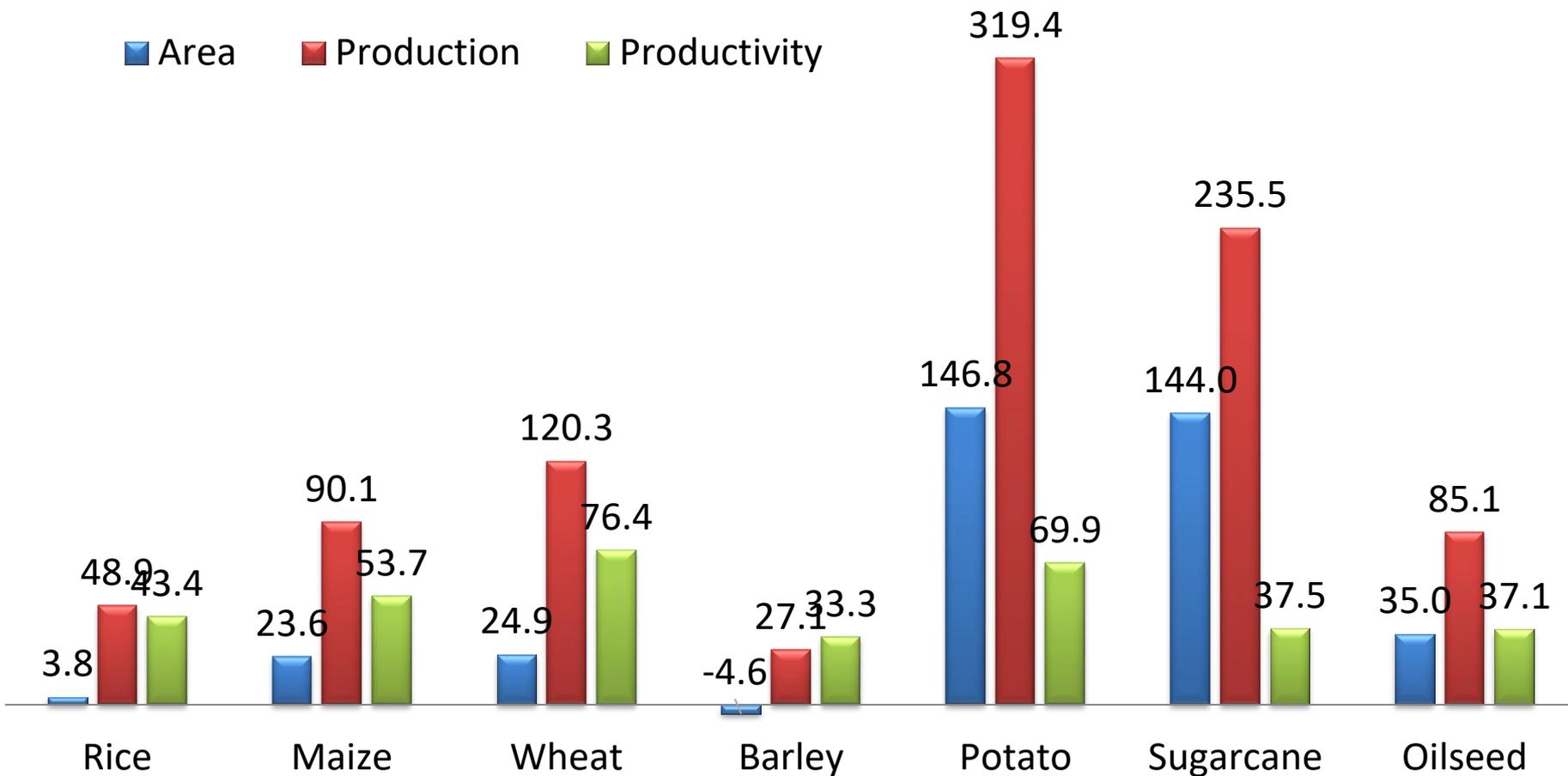




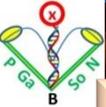
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# % Increment in Area, Production and Productivity over 25 years (1990-2014) in Nepal





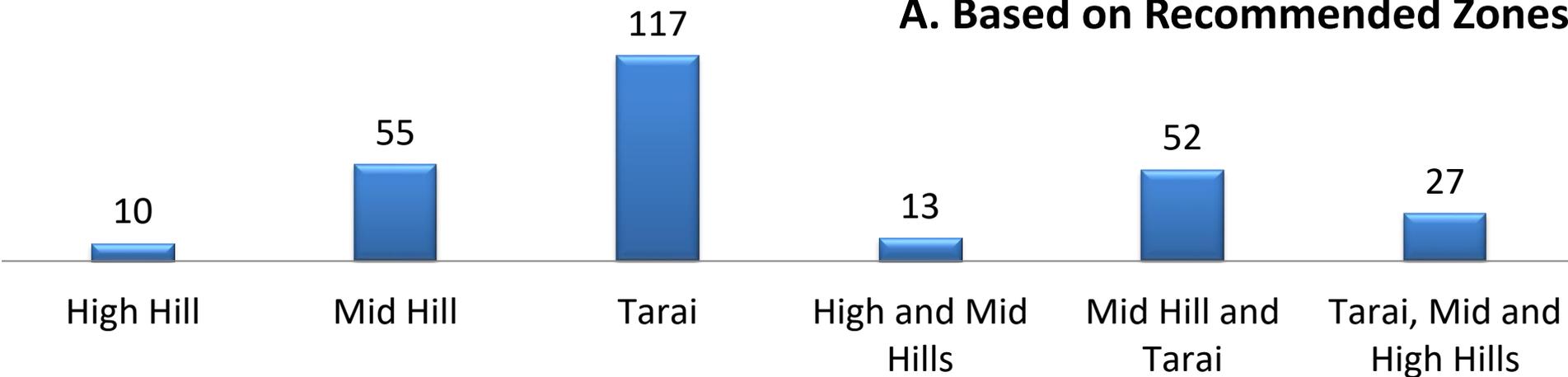


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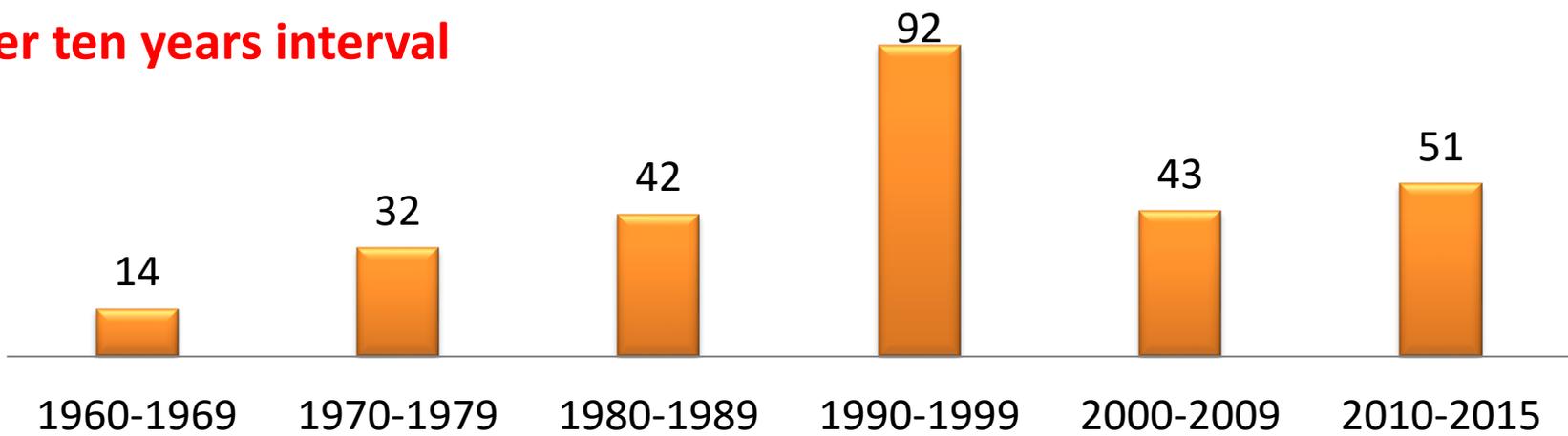
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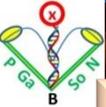
# Released Varieties (Agroecozones and 10 years interval based)

## A. Based on Recommended Zones

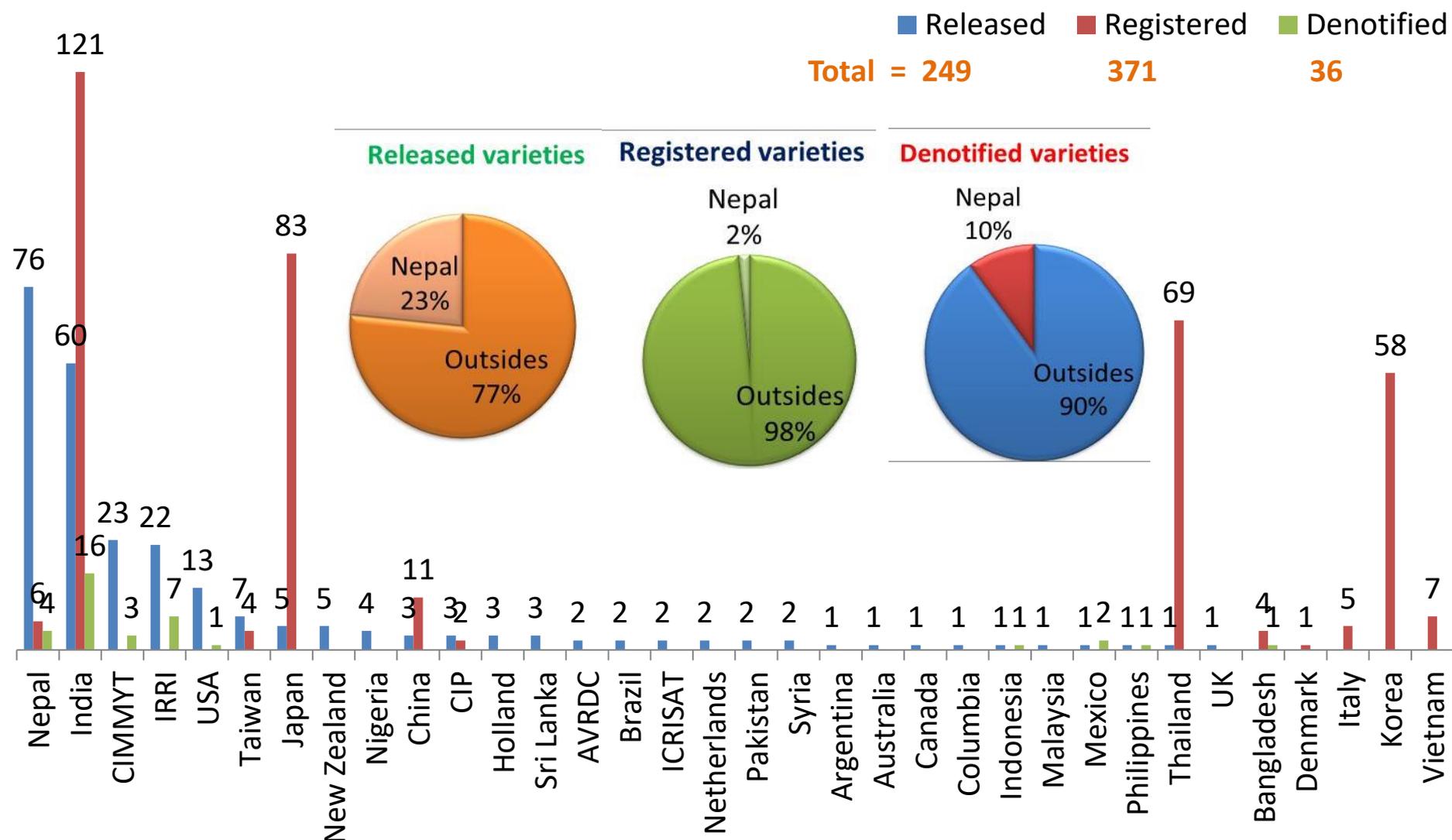


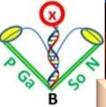
## B Over ten years interval





# Origin of Crop Varieties





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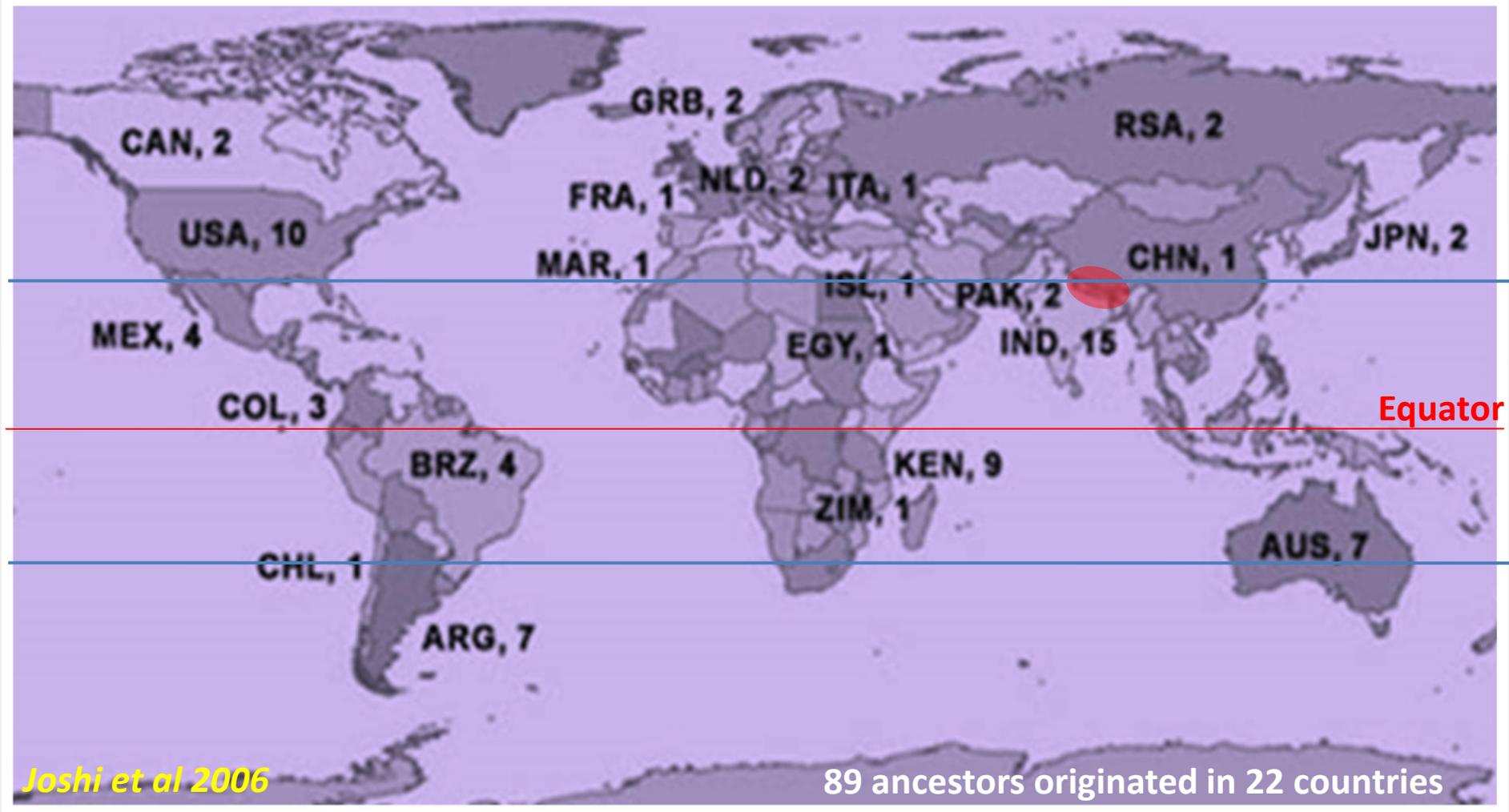


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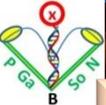
# Origin of Ancestors of Wheat Varieties Released in Nepal

Based on 35 varieties



Joshi et al 2006

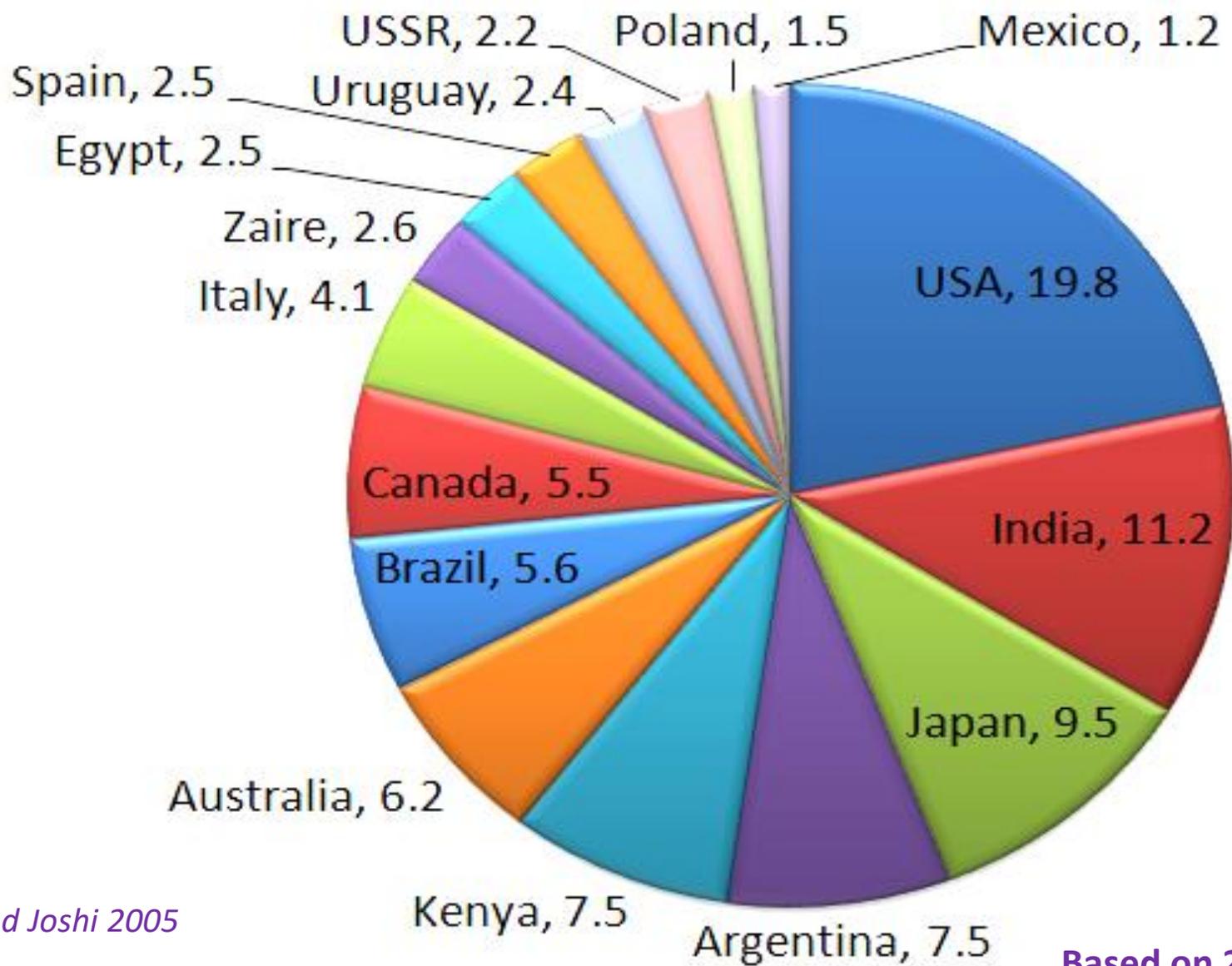
89 ancestors originated in 22 countries



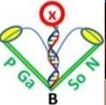
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## Country-wise Cumulative Contribution of Ancestors to Nepalese Wheat Varieties

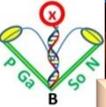






# Breeding Institutes and Job Options

- Government organization
  - NARC
  - DoA
- NGO
  - LIBIRD
  - CEAPRED
  - FORWARD
- Private
  - Many seed companies
  - Own business
- University, College
  - IAAS
  - HICAST
  - AFU
- INGO
  - CIMMYT
  - IRRI
  - BI



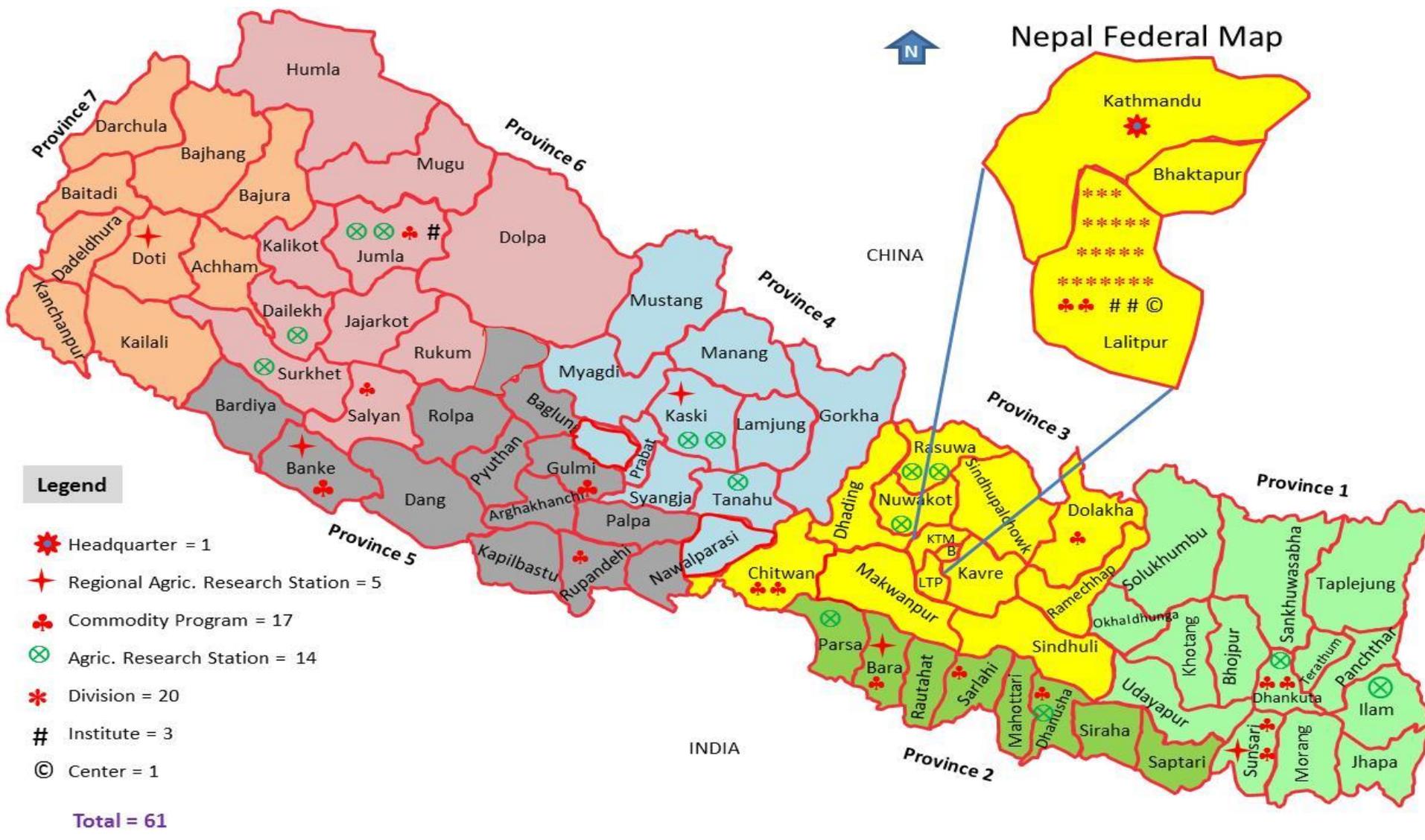
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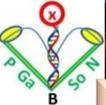


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# NARC Stations for Breeders





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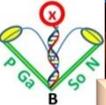


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# 15 CGIAR Research Center: 8000 Scientists





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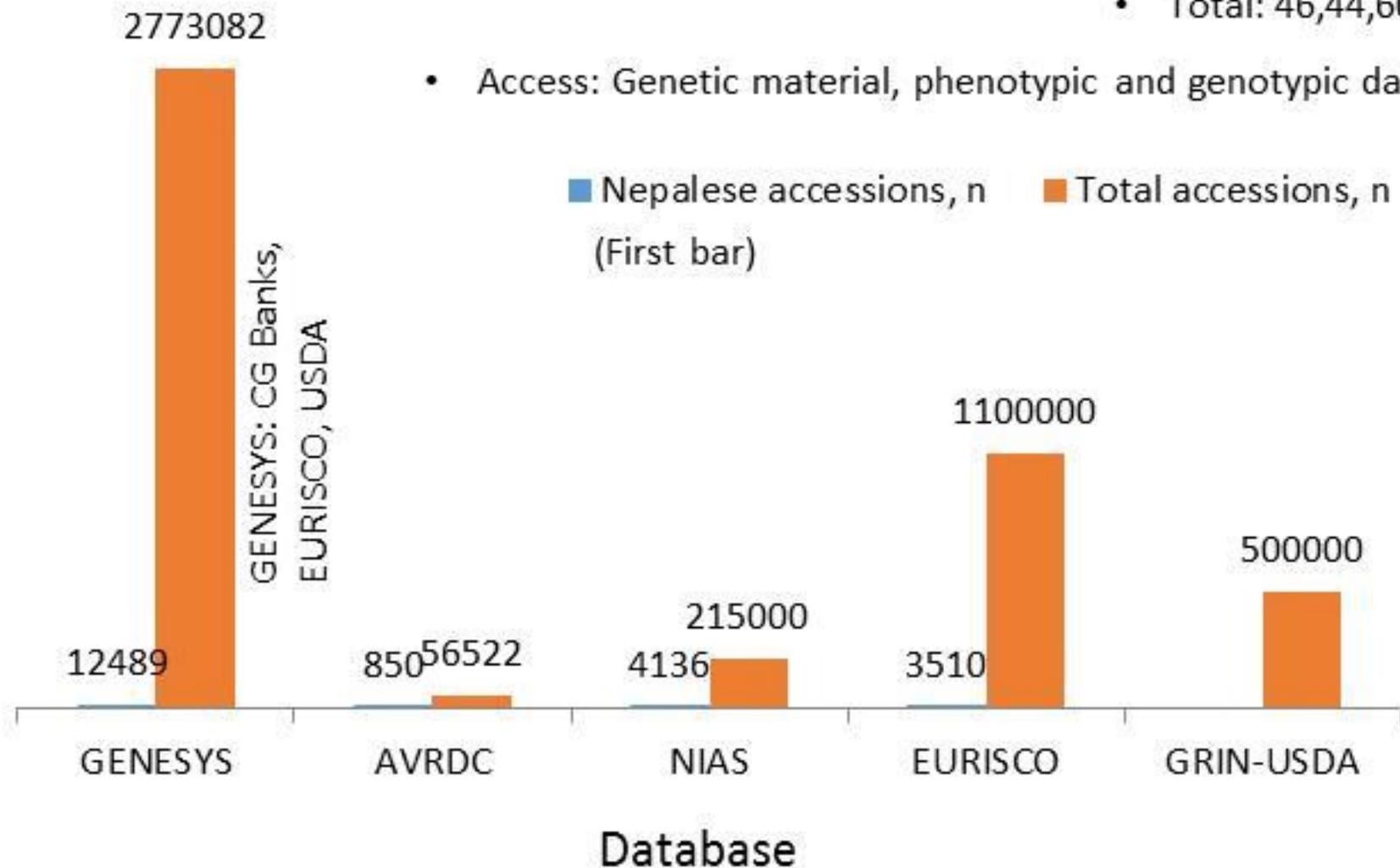
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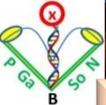


# Access to Crop Diversity for Breeders

• Total: 46,44,604

• Access: Genetic material, phenotypic and genotypic data





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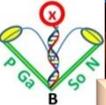
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# National and International Obligation

- CBD and ITPGRFA
- SDG
- Zero Hunger by 2025
- ADS
- Seed Vision
- NARC Vision





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# ADS

MoAD (ADS) 2015-2035

1. Food and Nutrition Security
2. Poverty Reduction
3. Agricultural Trade Competitiveness
4. Higher and more equitable Income
5. Farmers' Rights ensured and strengthened

Inclusion

Sustainability



Private Sector,  
Cooperative  
Sector

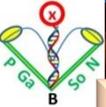
Connectivity

Governance

Productivity

Profitable  
Commercialization

Competitiveness



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## Major Issues

- Genetics information of local crop landraces: Poorly documented
- Foundation of breeding for many crop species not established
- Hybridization in very limited crops and low in number
- Low priority for site specific varieties and heterosis breeding
- Advanced tools eg biotechnological tools, GIS, CAT, genomics and biometrics poorly applied
- Accessioning system not adopted (researched genotypes not available forever)

Many new crops and diverse environments,





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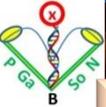


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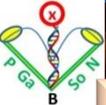
Let's advance our knowledge on designing plant types that suit and meet specific need





## Facilities in HICAST

- Learning environment, computer aided learning
- Professional teachers
- Books and references materials
- Access to national research centers, breeding institutes, gene pools
  
- Research and Training Directorate
- Department?
- Research + teaching labs and experiment + demo fields



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